

Direct Continuation 2015–2019 Lilydale District School

	Numbers					Time	Percentage of Year 10 Cohort					Time	Trend
Year 10	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Series	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Series	Indicator
Year 12	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Year 10 Cohort	39	39	33	22	20								
Year 11 Students	29	34	28	19	17		74%	87%	85%	86%	85%		0.3
Year 12 Students	20	23	22	14	12		51%	59%	67%	64%	60%		-1.6
Achieved the TCE	14	14	14	7	9		36%	36%	42%	32%	45%		5.3
Achieved an ATAR	8	2	5	3	5		21%	5%	15%	14%	25%		6.0
Attained a VET Certificate	9	9	8	6	4		23%	23%	24%	27%	20%		-3.2
Student Background												2017 School ICSEA	
Index of Community Socio-Educational Advantage (ICSEA)								Distribution of Students (2017)				50-14	■ Top Quarter
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		Bottom		Middle		Тор		Upper Middle Quarter Lower Middle Quarter
School ICSEA Value	945	952	950	947	935		50%	32	.% 14	1%	4%	1 22	 Lower Middle Quarter Bottom Quarter

Explanatory Notes

Direct Continuation: a student must achieve at least I credit point towards their TCE in the next year to be considered a direct continuation. The study can be at any Tasmanian school, Registered Training Organisation or organisation delivering a TASC recognised formal learning.

Year 10 Cohort: Students at a school that was registered with TASC.

Year II Students: Students who directly continued into Year II in the year after Year IO.

Year 12 Students: Students who directly continued into Year 12 two years after Year 10.

Achieved the TCE: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained the Tasmanian Certificate of Education.

Achieved an ATAR: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank.

Attained a VET Certificate: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained a Vocational Education and Training Certificate.

Values of NR: Not reported for results based on cohorts of fewer than 5 students in Year 12.

Trend indicators balance short-term change from the previous year, with longer-term change over five years. These are calculated using the average of the three slopes for Year 10 cohorts from 2016-2017, 2015-2017, and 2013-2017. Values where this average slope exceeds ±1.0% per year are highlighted.

ICSEA: The index of community socio-educational advantage (ICSEA) was created by the Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA). ICSEA provides an indication of the average educational advantage of a school's students population. Key factors in students' family background (parents' occupation and education) have an influence on students' educational outcomes at school along with school level factors such as a school's geographical location and the proportion of Aboriginal students attending the school need to be considered when summarising educational advantage or disadvantage at the school level. ICSEA provides a numeric scale that represents the magnitude of this influence. ICSEA values are standardised for Australia, with an average of 1000 and standard deviation of 100. Values lower than 900 are in the bottom 16% of Australian values, and values lower than 950 are in the bottom 31% of Australian values. Further information is available at http://www.acara.edu.au. Values of ND: ICSEA Data was not available for the school.

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