

Direct Continuation 2015–2019 MacKillop Catholic College

Upper Middle Quarter

Lower Middle Ouarter

Bottom Ouarter

		I	Numbe	rs		Time Series	Percentage of Year 10 Cohort					Time	Trend
Year 10	2013	2014 2016	2015 2017	2016 2018	2017 2019			2014	2015	2016	2017 2019	Series	Indicator
Year 12	2015							2016	2017	2018			
Year 10 Cohort	114	137	133	134	136								
Year II Students	110	130	124	126	119		96%	95%	93%	94%	88%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-3.8
Year 12 Students	104	121	115	117	104	· · · · ·	91%	88%	86%	87%	76%		-6.3
Achieved the TCE	92	100	98	96	80		81%	73%	74%	72%	59%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-8.3
Achieved an ATAR	67	70	59	50	45		59%	51%	44%	37%	33%		-5.5
Attained a VET Certification	ate 28	32	40	38	29		25%	23%	30%	28%	21%		-3.9

Bottom

25%

Middle

26%

35%

Top

15%

Explanatory Notes

School ICSEA Value

Direct Continuation: a student must achieve at least 1 credit point towards their TCE in the next year to be considered a direct continuation. The study can be at any Tasmanian school, Registered Training Organisation or organisation delivering a TASC recognised formal learning.

Year 10 Cohort: Students at a school that was registered with TASC.

2013

1008

2014

ND

2015

ND

2016

1010

2017

1008

Year II Students: Students who directly continued into Year II in the year after Year IO.

Year 12 Students: Students who directly continued into Year 12 two years after Year 10.

Achieved the TCE: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained the Tasmanian Certificate of Education.

Achieved an ATAR: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank.

Attained a VET Certificate: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained a Vocational Education and Training Certificate.

Values of NR: Not reported for results based on cohorts of fewer than 5 students in Year 12.

Trend indicators balance short-term change from the previous year, with longer-term change over five years. These are calculated using the average of the three slopes for Year 10 cohorts from 2016-2017, 2015-2017, and 2013-2017. Values where this average slope exceeds ±1.0% per year are highlighted.

ICSEA: The index of community socio-educational advantage (ICSEA) was created by the Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA). ICSEA provides an indication of the average educational advantage of a school's student population. Key factors in students' family background (parents' occupation and education) have an influence on students' educational outcomes at school along with school level factors such as a school's geographical location and the proportion of Aboriginal students attending the school need to be considered when summarising educational advantage or disadvantage at the school level. ICSEA provides a numeric scale that represents the magnitude of this influence. ICSEA values are standardised for Australia, with an average of 1000 and standard deviation of 100. Values lower than 900 are in the bottom 16% of Australian values, and values lower than 950 are in the bottom 31% of Australian values. Further information is available at http://www.acara.edu.au. Values of ND: ICSEA Data was not available for the school.

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