

Direct Continuation 2015–2019 St Mary's College

		ı	Numbei	·s		Time	Percentage of Year 10 Cohort					Time	Trend
Year 10	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Series	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Series	Indicator
Year 12	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Year 10 Cohort	81	81	88	92	95								
Year 11 Students	79	81	86	88	91		98%	100%	98%	96%	96%		-0.5
Year 12 Students	77	80	81	86	89		95%	99%	92%	93%	94%		0.1
Achieved the TCE	70	72	76	79	86		86%	89%	86%	86%	91%		2.4
Achieved an ATAR	64	55	67	60	71		79%	68%	76%	65%	75%		2.6
Attained a VET Certificate	e 22	23	22	35	18		27%	28%	25%	38%	19%		-7.6

Student Background	1									2017 School ICSI	Ē A
Index of Community Socio-Educational Advantage (ICSEA)						Distri	Distribution of Students (2017)				■ Top Quarter
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Bottom	Mid	ddle	Тор	24	Upper Middle QuarterLower Middle Quarter
School ICSEA Value	1083	1082	1075	1067	1063	12%	24%	33%	31%		Bottom Quarter

Explanatory Notes

Direct Continuation: a student must achieve at least I credit point towards their TCE in the next year to be considered a direct continuation. The study can be at any Tasmanian school, Registered Training Organisation or organisation delivering a TASC recognised formal learning.

Year 10 Cohort: Students at a school that was registered with TASC.

Year II Students: Students who directly continued into Year II in the year after Year I0.

Year 12 Students: Students who directly continued into Year 12 two years after Year 10.

Achieved the TCE: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained the Tasmanian Certificate of Education.

Achieved an ATAR: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank.

Attained a VET Certificate: Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained a Vocational Education and Training Certificate.

Values of NR: Not reported for results based on cohorts of fewer than 5 students in Year 12.

Trend indicators balance short-term change from the previous year, with longer-term change over five years. These are calculated using the average of the three slopes for Year 10 cohorts from 2016-2017, 2015-2017, and 2013-2017. Values where this average slope exceeds ±1.0% per year are highlighted.

ICSEA: The index of community socio-educational advantage (ICSEA) was created by the Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA). ICSEA provides an indication of the average educational advantage of a school's student population. Key factors in students' family background (parents' occupation and education) have an influence on students' educational outcomes at school along with school level factors such as a school's geographical location and the proportion of Aboriginal students attending the school need to be considered when summarising educational advantage or disadvantage at the school level. ICSEA provides a numeric scale that represents the magnitude of this influence. ICSEA values are standardised for Australia, with an average of 1000 and standard deviation of 100. Values lower than 900 are in the bottom 16% of Australian values, and values lower than 950 are in the bottom 31% of Australian values. Further information is available at http://www.acara.edu.au. Values of ND: ICSEA Data was not available for the school.

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