Direct Continuation 2016–2020

Dover District School

		Numbers					Time	Percentage of Year 10 Cohort					Time	Trend	
	Year 10 Year 12	2014 2016	2015 2017	2016 2018	2017 2019	2018 2020	Series		2015	2016	2017 2019	2018 2020	Series	Indicator	
									2017	2018					
Year 10 Cohort		9	2	14	6	12									
Year 11 Students		7	2	14	6	9		78%	100%	100%	100%	75%		•	
Year 12 Students		6	2	11	5	8		67%	100%	79%	83%	67%		•	
Achieved the TCE		6	NR	5	2	4		67%	NR	36%	33%	33%			
Achieved an ATAR		2	NR	0	0	I		22%	NR	0%	0%	8%			
Attained a VET Certificate		3	NR	5	3	4		33%	NR	36%	50%	33%			
Student Background	d												2018 Schoo	ol ICSEA	
Index of Community Socio-Educational Advantage (ICSEA)							Distribution of Students (2018)				 Top Quarter Upper Middle Quar 				
		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		Botto	m	Middle	•	Гор	Lower Midd		
School ICSEA	Value	943	920	924	938	898		58%	29	9%	%	3%	5829	Bottom Quarter	

Explanatory Notes

Direct Continuation Reports show data for students in the Year 10 cohort at a school and their subsequent participation and attainment through Year 11 and Year 12. The direct continuation is shown irrespective of where they undertook these studies.

Direct Continuation: a student must achieve at least I credit point towards their TCE in the next year to be considered a direct continuation. The study can be at any Tasmanian school, Registered Training Organisation or organisation delivering TASC recognised formal learning.

Year 10 Cohort: Students at a school registered with TASC.

Year II Students: Students who directly continued into Year II in the year after Year IO.

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Year 12 Students: Students who directly continued into Year 12 two years after Year 10.

Achieved the TCE:

Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained the Tasmanian Certificate of Education. Achieved an ATAR:

Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank. Attained a VET Certificate:

Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained a Vocational Education and Training Certificate. Values of NR: Not reported for results based on cohorts of fewer than 5 students in Year 12. **Trend indicators** balance short-term change from the previous year, with longer-term change over five years. These are calculated using the average of the three slopes for Year 10 cohorts from 2017-2018, 2016-2018, and 2014-2018. Area average slope within $\pm 1.0\%$ per year \blacktriangle trending up \checkmark trending down

Trend symbols are not formal statements of significant changes, but simple indicators to guide reading the time-series data.

ICSEA: The index of community socio-educational advantage (ICSEA) was created by the Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA). ICSEA provides an indication of the average educational advantage of a school's student population. Key factors in students' family background (parents' occupation and education) have an influence on students' educational outcomes at school, along with school level factors such as a school's geographical location and the proportion of Aboriginal students attending the school, need to be considered when summarising educational advantage or disadvantage at the school level. ICSEA provides a numeric scale that represents the magnitude of this influence. ICSEA values are standardised for Australia, with an average of 1000 and standard deviation of 100. Values lower than 900 are in the bottom 16% of Australian values, and values lower than 950 are in the bottom 31% of Australian values. Further information is available at http://www.acara.edu.au. Values of ND: ICSEA Data was not available for the school.