

# Direct Continuation 2016–2020

## New Norfolk High School

	Numbers					Time Series	Percentage of Year 10 Cohort					Time Series	Trend Indicator	
	Year 10	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018	2014	2015	2016	2017			2018
	Year 12	2016	2017	2018	2019		2020	2016	2017	2018	2019			2020
Year 10 Cohort	88	70	82	62	71									
Year 11 Students	60	54	56	41	54		68%	77%	68%	66%	76%		▲	
Year 12 Students	50	43	48	32	40		57%	61%	59%	52%	56%		◄	
Achieved the TCE	27	32	32	14	22		31%	46%	39%	23%	31%		◄	
Achieved an ATAR	6	7	6	3	5		7%	10%	7%	5%	7%		◄	
Attained a VET Certificate	17	30	18	8	10		19%	43%	22%	13%	14%		▼	

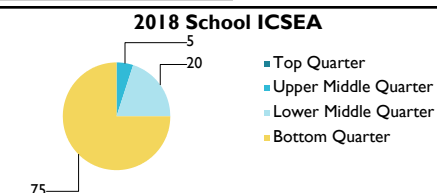
### Student Background

#### Index of Community Socio-Educational Advantage (ICSEA)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
School ICSEA Value	892	884	879	877	881

#### Distribution of Students (2018)

Bottom	Middle	Top
75%	20%	5%



### Explanatory Notes

Direct Continuation Reports show data for students in the Year 10 cohort at a school and their subsequent participation and attainment through Year 11 and Year 12. The direct continuation is shown irrespective of where they undertook these studies.

**Direct Continuation:** a student must achieve at least 1 credit point towards their TCE in the next year to be considered a direct continuation. The study can be at any Tasmanian school, Registered Training Organisation or organisation delivering TASC recognised formal learning.

**Year 10 Cohort:** Students at a school registered with TASC.

**Year 11 Students:** Students who directly continued into Year 11 in the year after Year 10.

**Year 12 Students:** Students who directly continued into Year 12 two years after Year 10.

#### Achieved the TCE:

Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained the Tasmanian Certificate of Education.

#### Achieved an ATAR:

Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank.

#### Attained a VET Certificate:

Of the Year 12 students, the number of students who attained a Vocational Education and Training Certificate.

**Values of NR:** Not reported for results based on cohorts of fewer than 5 students in Year 12.

**Trend indicators** balance short-term change from the previous year, with longer-term change over five years. These are calculated using the average of the three slopes for Year 10 cohorts from 2017-2018, 2016-2018, and 2014-2018.

◄ average slope within  $\pm 1.0\%$  per year ▲ trending up ▼ trending down

Trend symbols are not formal statements of significant changes, but simple indicators to guide reading the time-series data.

**ICSEA:** The index of community socio-educational advantage (ICSEA) was created by the Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA). ICSEA provides an indication of the average educational advantage of a school's student population. Key factors in students' family background (parents' occupation and education) have an influence on students' educational outcomes at school, along with school level factors such as a school's geographical location and the proportion of Aboriginal students attending the school, need to be considered when summarising educational advantage or disadvantage at the school level. ICSEA provides a numeric scale that represents the magnitude of this influence. ICSEA values are standardised for Australia, with an average of 1000 and standard deviation of 100. Values lower than 900 are in the bottom 16% of Australian values, and values lower than 950 are in the bottom 31% of Australian values. Further information is available at <http://www.acara.edu.au>.

**Values of ND:** ICSEA Data was not available for the school.